

MEDICAL AND SANITARY DIRECTIONS FOR THE CENTRAL CAMPS BY
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(a). All cases of ordinary illness will be treated by the Medical Officer in charge of the Medical Camp in which they occur;—in the case of officers, European or Native, or European servants, in their own tents; in the case of servants and followers, in the Hospital of that Camp. If the accommodation of these Camp Hospitals prove insufficient for native servants and followers, cases will be treated in the Civil Followers' Hospital near Chandrawal village, to the north of the Imperial Cadet Corps Camp.

(b) All cases of infectious disease are to be at once reported by the Medical Officer of the Camp in which they occur to the Special Health Officer, Major F. Wyville Thomson, I.M.S., No. 3 Visitors' Camp, who will arrange for their removal to one of the Segregation Hospitals. Should the cases prove to be plague, they will be handed over to the Special Plague Officer, Captain C. H. James, I.M.S., No. 3 Visitors' Camp, who will arrange for their treatment in his section of the Segregation Hospital.

2. Pipe-water for drinking purposes is laid on in all the Camps, but it must be remembered that many natives will not use pipe-water, therefore the purification and protection of the wells is a matter of great importance. Water-supply.

All the wells in the Central Camp have been cleaned out and treated with permanganate of potash. Their care and protection rests with the officer in charge of the Camp in which they are situated, and each well should be guarded from contamination by two men, one during the day and the other at night.

Each well is to be provided by camp arrangements with one or more iron buckets and ropes. The men guarding the well are to see that only the vessels provided are to be let down into the well.

Bathing or washing of clothes on or close to a well is to be prohibited.

3. Bathing, except where special arrangements are made in tents, must be done in the Jumna or Canal. Bathing and Washing of clothes.

The washing of clothes is only to be carried on in the Jumna below Metcalfe House.

4. Such waste water as that from washing plates, kitchen vessels, and liquid refuse from kitchens, is to be disposed of in absorption pits, or removed by hand or cart to a distance, and there buried in trenches under camp arrangements. Disposal of Waste water.

To make a small absorption pit, a hole should be dug three feet in diameter and three feet in depth, filled to a depth of two feet with broken burnt brick in pieces about 2 inches square, covered by a layer of one foot of pulverized earth.

Bath water from tents should be thrown on grass-plots or flower beds, or into absorption pits.

5. (a) Boxes or such receptacles should be provided for the collection of the kitchen refuse, until removed by carts, which will be provided by the Executive Committee. Removal of kitchen refuse, rubbish

(b) Road and Camp sweepings will also be removed, as far as possible, in carts provided by the Executive Committee. sweepings and stable litter.

(c) Stable litter must be collected under camp arrangements at selected spots or buried if suitable ground is available.

The burning of litter must be strictly forbidden, both on account of the danger of fire and the nuisance caused by the smoke.

6. (a) *Necessary tents.*—The utensils used in these tents will be emptied into iron receptacles, one of which will be supplied for fifty persons. The washings of the utensils will also be poured into the receptacles, with the addition of any disinfectant which may be provided by the Camp authorities, who should arrange for the removal of the receptacles to or from the nearest latrine. Removal of night-soil.

(b) *Latrines* for servants will be provided and the service of the same arranged for by the Executive Committee. The Officer in charge of Camps should give stringent orders that natives are not to wash their persons in the latrine pans, but in the places provided.

(c) *Urinals.*—These will be supplied generally by the Executive Committee, and consist of a mat screen surrounding a heap of sawdust or pulverized dry earth, which should be stirred up from time to time, and thus remains quite inoffensive. Where these are not provided, absorption pits or trenches should be made under camp arrangements, and changed occasionally.

7. Complaints having reference to latrines, urinals, or the removal of refuse should be made to Lieutenant-Colonel H. B. Thornhill, I.C.S., Executive Sanitary Officer.

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